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COURCE

### 1. location:

mout 700 to 500 motors south of the suburb Losgorod, on the Caspian Lea, in Lakhach-Lala (4727 1/420501.). Lagestan Losgorod was renered Masnio in 1946.

#### 2. Plant installations:

The plant covers an area almost one square km. Laving been partially dismontled by the Loviets during the var, the machinery was reinstalled after the war and the plant enlarged by new constructions. Inscriptions on shipmonts of component parts (tormedo shells and parts of pressure tanks), some misdirected shipments, and files indicated that sister plants used in Lemingrad and Alma ata. For plant layout see Annax.

# F. ork force:

no details available excent that German engineers worked in the production.

#### 4. Production:

Torpedoes and depth bombs without filliams. Adetric tempedoes and torredoes with magnetic fuzes were not observed.

25X1A

### Comment:

a. The plant was proviously designated Military Wint. Lo. 182, Evigstroy and is covered by a German aerial photograph no. 56 025, dated 16 April 1988.

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CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL/US OFFICIAL DILY annex -A

- 2 -

The location was pinpointed with the following coordinates: 47°38'E/42°52'45"N.

b. The attached sketch is the best information received and is considered a correct reproduction of the present plant layout because:

- (1) Jata and sketch are confirmed by another report which is retained as it gives no additional information.
- (2) Attached sketch and the aerial photograph agree on all buildings which can be identified on the photograph.
- e. Efforts are being made to obtain information on size and type of construction of the plant buildings.

l annex, bluerrint: Torredo Plant in Lakhach-Kala.

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Annex A

Annex .

# Legend of Annex:

- 1 Gate
- 2 Administration
- 3 Oil fueled power plant
- 4 Fire department
- 5 Department No. 11, lathe shop for war-heads
- 6 Department No. 12, repair shop for electric apparatus and motors
- 7 Department Ac. 7, manufacture of machine parts for plant requirements
- 8 Lew building
- 9 Department No. 27, temporary production of pressing irons and door locks
- department ho. 10, carpenter shop, production of boxes for torpedo accessories, depth bombs and packing materials
- 11 Department No. 18, machine repair shop
- 12 Stores with food, clothing and other utensils
- 13 Department No. 5, tool shop, hardening shop, testing department and special production
- 14 Compressor station
- 15 Dection with German engineers working on tests and designs
- 16 New installation, purpose unknown
- 17 Department No. 6, assembly of torpedoes and "test runs"; off limits to Ms
- 18 Department No. 4, lathe shop, for internal torpedo parts of trass and bronze.
- 19 Department No 25, constructed in 1948, manufacture of copper, brass and steel screws for internal parts of tornedoes
- 20 Department i.o. 3, foundry for internal torpedo narts with three large and four or five small electric smelting furnaces

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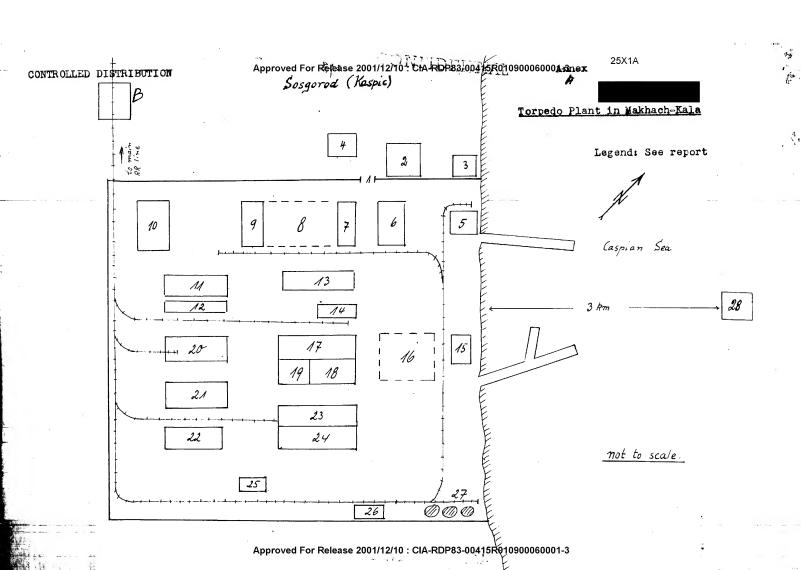
# CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY

.

- 2 - Annex

- 21 Department No. 2, forge for propeller blades and other parts
- 22 Department No. 26, manufacture of shells for waterbombs
- 23 Denortment No. 1, manufacture of internal torpedo parts, presumably fuel tanks
- 24 Department No. 9, lathe shop for torpedo shells (they are east in a sister plant in Lenangrad or Alma Ata)
- 25 Department No. 30, utilization of metal shavings
- 26 Stone structure building, parts of war-time/with shell slugs
- 27 Gil shipment station with three or four dug-in tanks
- 28 Concrete artificial island, about 3 km from the coast, with four-story building and pier. According to Loviet statements, a war-time filling station for tornedoes and a peace-time tornedo tanget range
- E hairoad depot, called Sklad-13 (warehouse 13); equipment arriving from Finch was unloaded and stored before being shipped to the torpedo plant. Luildings of the torpedo plant are approximately 80 to 100 x 40 meters.

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SOURCES



## 1. Oil fields

### a. Location :

Near Neftegorsk (44°22°N/39°43°E) south of Apsheronskaya (44°28°N/39°45°E) east of Khadyzhenskaya (see sketch) (locality now designated Novo Neftegorsk).

#### b. Plant installations :

In the last days of the German occupation up to the beginning of 1943 there were 8 or 9 derricks in operation on three oil fields. There were also eight undamaged oil tanks with branch lines to the main pipe line leading to the refinery. The oil fields had spur tracks and pumping stations. Three additional oil fields being exploited by a sizable number of derricks. The drillings in these fields were especially successful. The area extended for one km along the highway to Neftegorsk. A filtering plant was at the junction of the branch lines leading to the main oil pipe line which continued to the refinery.

#### c. General :

After the Soviets reoccupied this district the mentioned fields were rapidly restored to production (the installations of only one of these fields were completely destroyed

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# CONTIDENTIAL/COTTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY annex B

and tanks as well as pipe lines set on fire). New wells were sunk and the existing facilities considerably increased. Early in 1948 there were 268 drilling and producing derricks in the entire area of Reftegorsk. About half of the new drilling and production machinery was of American and British make.

d. The fields around Deftegorsk are now considered the most porductive oil center of the entire Laikor District. The daily output of one drilled well is indicated at 4 to 5 tons.

# 2. <u>Refining installations</u>

### a. Location :

24 km south of Neftogorsk in the so-called Liut Valley between Gutsevo (7) and Liutiskaya (?). (see sketch) The construction of a new refinery setup started in April 1940. Four installations were completed and in full operation by May 1947. From the oil fields around Deftogorsk four pi pe lines were laid to a new collecting basin. Next to this basin was a filtering plant with 20 filtering columns each about 20 meters high. Pipe lines lead from the filtering plant to the four refining installations, each having 7 to 3 columns including one distilling, one cracking and one gasoline purifying installation. Next to each of the four refining installations are 3 to 4 large tanks. One tank has about 1,000 tons volumetric capacity. These tanks have tapping points and filling installations with spur track and road facilities. The new plant also has its own power station and its pumping stations. Near the end of the observation period construction work was still under way on the new refinery area. Additional tank and filling installations as well as a pipe line for finished products to Neftegorsk were being built. A fifth refining column may be built.

# b. Plant installations :

A small refinery with two modern, just completed, installations existed at the time of the German occupation. After the Soviets reoccupied this district the oil ripe lines, the multiple sour tracks to Apsheronskaya and the filling installations for oil trains were restored first.

### c. Designation :

The new refinery was known as Flant No. 30.

#### d. Tork force :

The work force numbered about 300 men working in double shifts. The daily output was about 600 tons.

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## e. Production :

The main product was aviation gasoline. This may prove that the cracking installations are catalytic plants.

Total work force: The total number of workers employed on the oil fields and in the refining installations around eftegorsk was indicated at 6,000 to 8,000.

L Appex: Oil Fields and Refining Installations around Neftegorsk, Maikop Oblast.

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Annex

Oll Fields and Refining Installations are: C. ofterorsk, Fether Share Are Reported Annex

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SOURCE

# 1. Location:

The plant, designated Zavod-Budenny is about four miles north of NOVOCHERKASSK (40°06'1./47°24'N), west of the SHAKHTI road and railroad line and 1,200 feet south of the BUDENNY railroad station.

# 2. Plant installations:

The plant was established in 1930. Its machinery was displaced to the Ural Mountains during the war. The damaged buildings were reconditioned after the war. New AEG machinery was installed between 1946 and 1947, as was learned from the trade marks on the AEG machinery. Production was started in 1948 and it has been in full operation since 1949. It covers an area of about 12,000 x 1,500 feet. The east gate was inscribed with the name of the plant. Construction of several new workshops was started in 1949. Some of them were only completed as bare brick structures. Power was supplied from outside. Several railroad spur tracks were available. For layout see Annex.

# 3. Nork force:

About 7,000 workers including PWs working in three unequal shifts.

#### 4. Production:

Electric locomotives with maximum speed of 38 miles per hour and a weight of 145 tons (learned from the model designation plate).

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25X1A

annex - 1

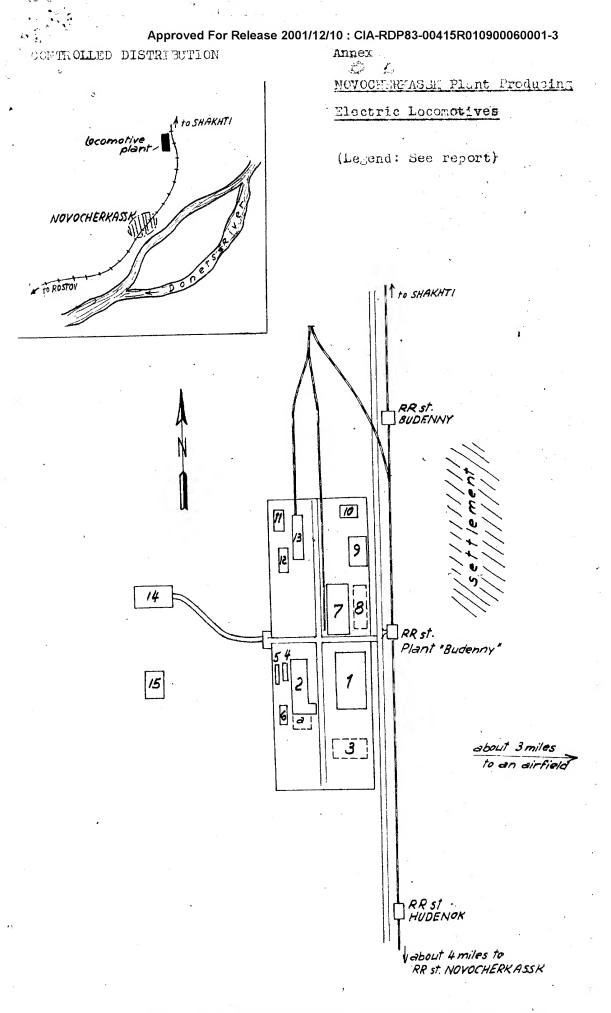
## Comment:

- a. The NOVOCUBERIASSK Engine Plant was reported previously. The location as indicated by source is correct.
- b. Only the eastern section of the plant on the enclosed layout sketch conforms to that attached to the previous report. As the former sketch is consistent with the aerial photograph taken on 12 Sentember 1941 it is considered correct. Two plant was not considerably damaged during the war. It is therefore believed t at the present layout, in meneral, comforms to that given by the aerial photograph.
- c. The report has special interest because of the data on the dimensions of the buildings, including the new ones. However, confirmation is required.

1 Annex: NOVOCHERMASSK Plant Troducing Olectric Locomotives.

# Legend to Annex:

- 1 Mechanical workshop, about 300 x 180 feet, final assembly
- 2 roundry, 300 x 240 feet, for 1ron, steel and light metal parts; three furnaces
- 2a Annex to building No. 2, 150 x 150 feet, brick, completed in August 1949
- 3 Brick building, about 360 x 270 feet; according to a Soviet foreman, for the production of motors. Completion of the building is scheduled for 1950, the area being already staked off.
- 4 Water installation and boilerhouse for heating plant
- 5 Oxygen plant
- 6 Workshop and storage for electrical material
- 7 Forge, about 300 x 120 feet for working wheels, connecting rods, etc.
- 8 Newly constructed building, 240 x 90 feet, brickwork completed in August 1949, presumably an Annex to the force
- 9 Storage shed for motals and insulating material for motor production
- 10 Engine house
- 11 hewly constructed building, storage for sheet metals and body components
- 12 Transformer station. b derground cables led from this station to the individual workshops (imbedeed by source himself)
- 13 Storage shed for colors, oil and grease (partially concrete, under round construction)
- 14 Pt. Camp No 7251/11
- 15 Mard house. SECTIT-COMPUOL/US OFFICTALS ONLY



TOPIC "Budenny" Electric Locom 25X1C		25X1A
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# SOURCE

- Location: Some miles north of NOVOCHERKASSK (40006'E/47024'N), west of the double-track SHAKHTI railroad line, opposite the EUDENNY Railroad Station which was reserved for plant workers
- Plant installations: Soviet vorkers said that the plant was constructed about 1928. The machinery was moved out during the war and was replaced by dismantled Jerman machinery after 1945. Source noticed machine tools produced by the Pittler Company, CHENITZ. The buildings which were relavively lightly damaged during the war had been reconditioned. Several workshops had been under construction for about one year. These workshops were not yet in operation by the end of the period covered by this report. There were numerous railroal spur tracks. Power lines did from outside and the electricity was distributed by the plant transformer station. For lajout
- 3. Work force; About 6,000 Soviets, most of them convicts, working in three shifts, and 400 PWs.
- 4. Production: Electric locomotives since 1949, steam locomitives were repaired prior to that year.

# 25X1A 5. Corment:

a. The enclosed layout, almost exactly the same as that given in a previous sketch, has some additional details. Only the data given on the dimensions of the buildings differs from the first report. From this conformity, it can be concluded that the data on the "Budenny" Plant as given in the sketch and the legend is correct.

b. The firm from which, according to source, the displaced machine tools came, is presumably the Werkzeugraschinen AG Pittler, LEIPZIO (Pittler Machine Tool Joint-Stock Company, LEIPZIG).

1 Annex: "Budenny" Plant in NOVOCHERKASSK.

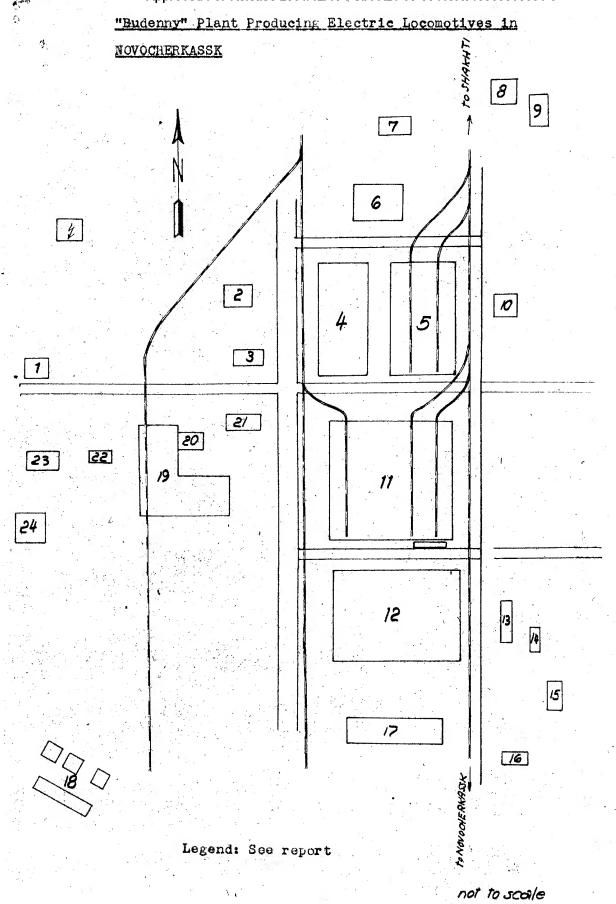
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# Larend to Annex:

- 1 Guardhouse
- 2 Pattern-making shop
- 3 Compressor station
- 4 Forge 450 x 240 x 60 feet, part of which had been demo-
- 5 wew building, two thirds completes, presumably provided for assembly shop
- 6 Fool shop
- 7 Casoline dumy with 10 to 12 260-gallon tanks
- 3 Administration building
- 9 Storage for copper and insulating material
- 10 Fire department
- 11 Assembly shop, 450 x 300 feet
- Hew building (Aparatni Zech), 500 x 360 x 36 feet, divided into 12 shops, each 42 feet wide. Half of the building was completed by September 1979.
- 13 Cement storage shed
- 14 rood storage shed
- 15 building of construction company
- 16 Later pumping station
- 17 Carpentry
- 13 Construction material storage place
- 19 Foundry, equipped with two electric furnaces, one of which was not put into operation until August 1940
- 20 New building, intended use unknown
- 21 Boilerhouse
- 22 offile blacksmith shop, half of which is dilapidated
- 23 Oxygen Plant
- 24 Januacture of heating installation, pipe lines etc.

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	CLASSIFICATION SECRET/CONTROL/US OFFICIAL
COUNTRY Appro	yed For Release 2001/12/10 : CIA-RDP83-00415B010900060001-3
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SOURCE	
0	
1.	Location: North of PAGANROG (38°55°E/47°13°N), Rostov Oblast, some hundred feet from the Sea of Azov.
2.	Observations: The plant is rather old. The dates 1910 and 1911 are inscribed on some buildings. According to Soviets, only one building in the southern section had been damaged in the war and it was later reconstructed. Railroad facilities with several sidings are available.
	The street car line No. 2 passes directly west of the plant. Electric energy is presumably supplied from ROSTOV since the transmitting lines land in that direction.  For plant layout sec Annex.
3 •	Work force: Source could not give the total number but estimated about 3,000 laborers working in one day shift and about 250 PWs.
<b>3</b> 0	Production: Armor plating, shipbuilding and boiler plates, seamless and welded pipes.
25X1A	Comment:
. •	a. The attached aerial photograph shows the pin-point location of the plant. The plant area including a factory-owned harbor reaches as far as the sea shore.
	b. Few records on the plant are available. The location of the main buildings as reproduced on the attached sketch agrees with another sketch dated 1947.
	c. Further reports are required to determine the dimensions and kind of construction of the individual plant installations.
	2 Annexes: 1. TAGANROG "Andreev" Metallurgical Plant CLASSIFICATION 2. TAGALROG BARROG BARROG DESIGNAL OFFICE

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# 1 30 1012/0012/2011/38 OFFICENES DELY annex #E

## resignation from 1:

- 1 -woundry of the three farmaces. Production of injots of rates possitions tubes are manufactured.
- Open-hourth plant and rolling mill with four open-hourth furnaces (three are in operation), two roll trains, a forge and a hardening department.
- i Rube rolling mill (Trubo Line). Production of welded tubes, up to 36 feet long.
- 4 Open-hearth department No. 2 with four open-hearth fur-
- 5 acchemical department, repair of machines
- 6 Field forge
- 7 Laboratory
- 3 workshop
- 9 Factory hospital
- 10 Several offices
- 11 Factory balance
- 12 Oil bunker
- 13 Mein administration building
- 14 Three wure houses
- 15 Lenin Ulab house
- 16 Department for the production of household utensils made of block iron plate
- 17 Small forge
- 18 Hearth
- 19 Three guardhouses
- 20 depair shop
- 21 Stone crusher
- 22 Boilerhouse
- 23 Power distribution station
- 24 Froduction of bedateads of tube corapings
- 25 Drickyard storeroom
- 26 Factory bath .
- 27 Hammer for crushing ingots
- 28 Storehouse for injois
- 29 Shunting cabin for factory railway.

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	Trupshofka. The Soviet: also called this plant "SNU 75" and "Has-
₽.	Location :
	The resignery area is and or we are
	The redinory area is east of the Imapskaya divor flowing into the sea near Tumpse (44°411/39°6°E) and on both sides of the Tumpse-Sec. (43°24°E/39°45°E) highway.
	b. The vhole building site covers an area of 2.5 to 3 km x 600 to 600 to 7.7 The refinery itself covers an area of 1.2 to 1.5 km x 400 to 500 to 1.6 km recaining area has read and track familities, amailingly plants and large tank depots.
ء ئُي	Tracific Carilities:
	Whe roffnory area has ofur tracks as well as highway and rip. line tendection to the harbor of Ruspsa.
\$. <sub>a</sub>	Plant installations:
<b>8</b> .	In 1942 most of the old refinery was destroyed, heconstruction began about mid-1946.
	b. In oddition to the reconstruction of the old installations an essential plant expansion is planned.

CLASSIFICATION CONSTRUCTION OFFICIALS GUY

# CONTINE THE CONTROLIUS OFFICE LE ONLY annex - F

- c. According to the Five-Year Flan the refinery is scheduled to fully resume its former production scale in 1950.
- d. Suilding projects, which will considerably increase the plant capacity will be continued in the following years. All phases of the expension ork will allegedly be completed by 1960. It is scheduled to build a total of six or seven refineries (seven or eight refineries according to other reports). Each installation will be a self-contained plant setup and will/be laid out largely on the same technical lines.
- e. The refinery installations will consist of one large fractionizing installation and one large distilling installation with columns for pasoline, kerosene, gas oil, lubricating oil and residues (mazut). The battories of fractionizing columns, 4 to 5 m in diameter, attached to the furnace units are of varying height (between 15 and 30 m).
- f. Next to these batteries are additional batteries for gasoline refining and lubricating oil refining as well as refrigerator installations. .fter refining and filtering, the finished products are pumped into groups of four or five flat-pressure boilers from where distribution is made to the individual tank containers.
- g. La ch installation for light fractions will probably also be provided with one or two cracking installations for each column as up to 20 m high pressure tanks were set up.
- h. Lach column consists of two large and four small batteries, refining, filtering, purifying and cracking installations and the mentioned refrigerating installations and pressure boilers.
- i. A total of three self-contained plants (about 50 tube and boiler constructions) were completed towards the end of the observation period, after all installations have been built this refinery will allegedly be one of the largest installations in the Coviet Union. The refinery was constructed principally from material supplied by the Hekhzaved Plant near Tuapse which produce machines, apparatus, fittings and boilers.
- j. The Kizlovod Oxygen Plant is also located in the immediate vicinity of the refinery.

#### 5. Oil pipe line:

- a. The refinery is connected with the armavir  $(45^{\circ}0^{\circ}\text{N}/41^{\circ}3^{\circ}\text{E})$  Byelorechenskaya  $(44^{\circ}46^{\circ}\text{N}/39^{\circ}52^{\circ}\text{E})$  Pashekhskays Khadyshinskaya-Tuapse pipe line. This is the main underground oil pipe line with Tuapse as terminal.
- b. In the refinery area the pipe line goes to the large crude oil tank depot and from there to the individual refining installations (distilling columns). The feed lines from the main oil pipe line to the crude oil tank depot are two or three 30 to 35-cm diameter ripes, 1.50 m underground. The branch ripe lines to the individual installations are above-surface and are 15 to 20 cm in diameter. Identical intermediate lines go from the refining, cracking, filtering and purifying installations of the individual distilling columns to the flat pressure boilers and from there to the tank depot for finished products.

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# 6. Crude oil tanh depot :

a. Until the oud of the observation period the crude oil tank depot consisted of about 30 oil tanks of differ at dimensions. Several old prower tanks, which had not been demayed, were 5 to 8 m in disancter and 7 to 12 m high. The dimensions of the newly built crude oil tanks varied between 10 and 25 m in diameter and 12 and 15 m height.

b. The tank depot for fi mished products consisted of a number of small tanks attached to the individual refining columns. The diameter of these tanks ranged between 5 and 15 m and the height between 3 and 12 m. All gasoline tanks were smaller and were indicated at 4 to 6 m in diameter and 7 to 10 m in height. The total number of tanks planned for this depot was indicated at about 300. They were mostly in two rows of six, built into the ground and sunk into several-meter high concrete blocks.

c. Next to this depot a number of cemented basins of about 15 x 30 m were seen which were used partly as cooling and water basins and partly for collecting oil residues when the tanks were/overfilled.

d. During the observation period the crude oil tank depot could not hold all the oil pumped from the main ripe line. All crude oil tanks were filled to capacity and crude oil puddles were scattered over the entire plant area.

## 7. Additional plant installations :

The refinery had its own power plant operated with two large turbines up to the beginning of 1949. The plant also has its own large engineering repair shor, a sawmill and secondary installations such as a locksmith's shop, lathe shop, molding shop, mechanical workshop, carpentry etc.

# 8. Production:

The first two refinery columns started operation in mid-1949. Railroad shipments, each of 20 to 30 tank cars of finished products, left the riant daily.

#### 9. Work force and working time :

The work force of the refinery proper, without those employed in reconstruction work, was 350 to 400 men in late 1940 and almost 600 in mid-1949.

b. While work was still done in one shift in late 1943, the two-shift schedule was introduced early in 1949. At the end of the observation period it was a three-shift schedule with 600 men working in each shift.

# 25X1A Comment:

The report supplies information on the reconstruction and enlarge-

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# CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL/US OFFICIALS CHEY Anney - F

ment of the old refining and cracking installation No. 3 in Ordzho-nokidze.

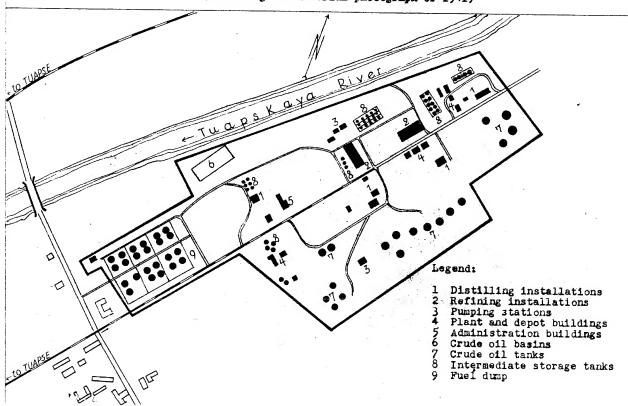
The original annual total capacity of the old refinery was about one million tons, the annual cracking capacity about 300,000 tons.

The annual cap city of the projected six to eight installations can be indicated at about 180,000 to 240,000 tons. The capacity of the first three installations put into operation up to the end of the observation period can be estimated at 400,000 to 450,000 tons. The volumetric capacity of the tank depot may have been 550,000 to 600,000 tons in mid-1949 including about 250,000 tens for the crude oil tank depot and the remaining capacity for the tank depot holding finished products.

2 Annexes:  $\binom{1}{2}$  New Refinery near Tuapse, Krasnodar Oblast.

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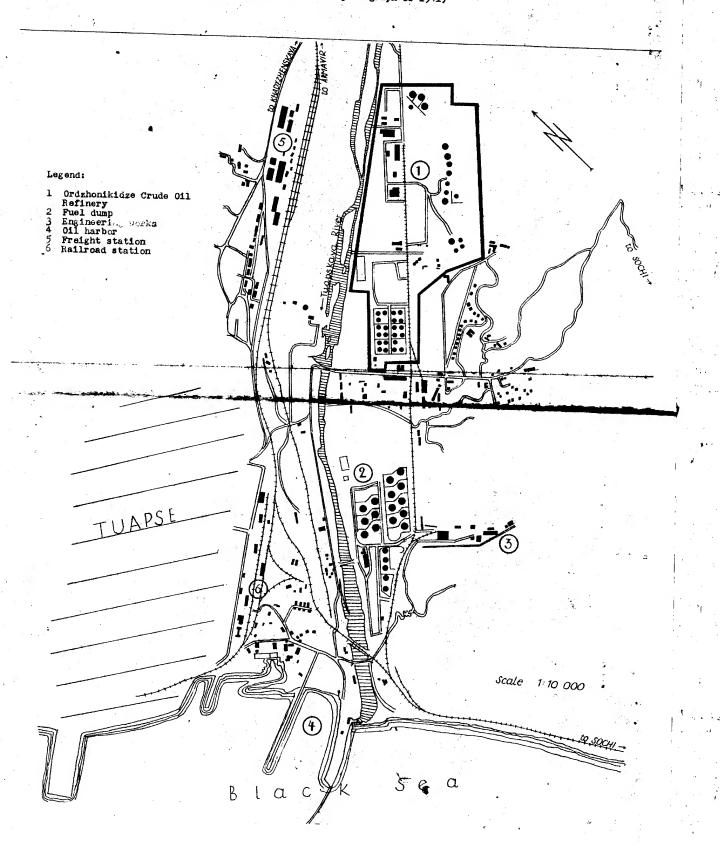
New Refinery near Tuapse, Krasnodar Oblast (according to an aerial photograph of 1941)



Scale about 1.7500 Approved For Release 200<del>1/12/10 : GIA RDP83-00415</del>R010900060001-3 Annex 🌲

New Refinery near Tuapse, Krasnodar Oblast

(according to an aerial photograph of 1941)



OPIC Electric Locomotive 25X1C	ractory inovocherkask	25X1A
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PAGES ENCLOSURES (NO.	& TYPE) 2 sketches on ditto	. 1. je 2005 r si "kiden" njejnikojsko "kijijo" "mrendske melo mes semen njeznikodniki stako 2000 kiziskog kiz
REMARKS	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	

SOURCE

# 1. Location:

North of lovocherkask (40006'E[47024'I]), mostov oblast, west of the railroad line to Chakhti. Apartment houses, most of them seven stories, were under construction on the other side of the double-track line with 10 railroad sidings.

### 2. Plant installations:

The plant was still being enlarged by PAs in October 1949. From plates on the machines, inventory numbers, etc. it was learned that the machinery came from the plant for electric locomotives, AIC-lorsic in Lomningsdorf, Germany. Lighty percent of the machine tools were of German origin. The machines and machine parts, which were scattered all over the plant, were not sufficient to equip the newly constructed plant buildings. For plant layout see Annex 10. 1.

#### 3. Nork force:

Three thousand laborers, most of them women, 400 T/s, 40 to 50 working as specialists in the plant, the others on constructions. Work was done in two shifts.

#### 4. Production:

- a. Plectric locomotives with six axles, each axle being driven by an electric motor, and every three axles mounted on one six-wheel beging. Total engine canacity 3,000 hm, two collectors. See Annex No. 2.
- b. The output was from eight to ten engines per month and was scheduled to be increased to 20 to 30 per month by late 1950. Holled products of all profiles, sheet-metals, preliminary forged axis and other big forged pieces were supplied to the plant. All other parts were produced there.

CLASSIFICATION CONTRACTION / CONTROL/CONTROL OF TOTALS ONLY

## Commont:

a. Ris report supplements and confirms previous information. Land on the electric locomotives, manufactured by the plant, are of special value.

- 2 -

b. Attached plant layout seems credible as it generally agrees with previous information and was drawn by an engineer.

2 innexes: 2 sketches on ditto l. Factory for illetrified reconotives in hovocherkask.

g. Lisetrified Losomotive Luilt in Lovocherkask.

# Legend:

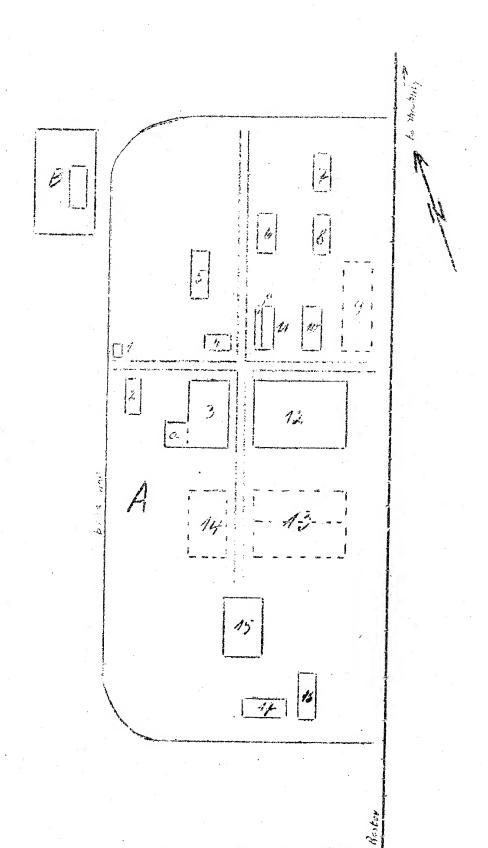
- A Plant for electric locomotives
  - 1 Tate and guardhouse
  - 2 small store of high quality accessories
  - meters
    3 Foundry, 200x100 months two electric-furnaces, each of
    5-ton caracity and four cupola furnaces
    - a annex for sand dressing shop
    - 4 Fower plant and compressor installation to supply nower to the galvanizing shop. The main power source is outside the plant.
    - 5 Lodel making carpenter shop
    - 6 Dechanical morkshop, 80x50 maters, for plant requirements, equipped with many metal processing machines
    - 7 Lactory producing insulating ratorials, 80x50 neters
    - 8 lare structure
    - 9 ..orkshop under construction, 200x80 meters, iron framescomple-
    - 10 Torkshop for railroad car construction, 100x50 meters, ved department for Yough processing of sheet metal
  - 11 corge, 100x80 meters
    - a Processing of sheet-metal
  - 12 Mechanical workshop, locomotive assembly, %50x200 meters comprised of six longitudinal sections, separated by millar lines, covered by saw-tooth roof
  - 13 Iwo morkshops under construction, total dimensions 350x200 motors, walls completed and roof structure partially completed
  - 14 xeavations
  - 15 Jochanical morkshop
  - 16 Lawrill with one saw frame
  - 17 tarace and vertehop
- B Transformer plant

Come Land Lake / Will Oby the Ou Still hander Oak

annex - G

# Factory for Bleetrified Loco otives in Povocherkask

(Legend: See report)



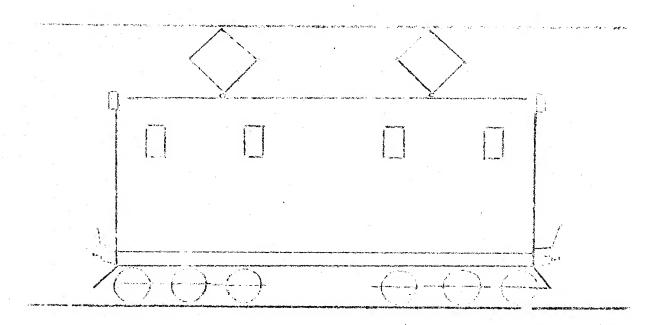
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Annex 2

annex G

Electrified Locomotive Built in Levecherkash



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VALUATION	ED Germany	Million I Commission Administration of the Commission of the Commi
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EMARKS		Med of the Association of the Community of the Association of the Community of the Association of the Community of the Commun

1. Location:

See references.

2. Lame:

Dimitrov .. ircraft Plant.

3. .ork force:

Twenty-five poviets working one 10-hour shift.

4. Plant installations:

The construction work was completed by pril 1948. Lource was not able to draw a sketch of the plant layout but he supplied the following information:

a. Assembly hall I with an apprentice workshop for 60 members of the Communist Youth Organization, and a workshop with about 50 automatic and semi-automatic machines from Germany (new) and lathes for the projection of bolts, screws and nuts.

b. Assembly hall 2 with electric welding shop, lathe shop and small Galvanicheki shop. rarts for fuselages were welded in the electric-welding shop. .ircraft parts which source could not describe in detail were processed in the lathe shop. Metal parts were polished in the small Galvanicheki shop. The latter contained chroninum baths, nickel baths, a copper bath and some pickling baths for alumi-

c. Assembly hall 3 where damaged planes form the airfield were repaired.

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# - 2 - annay-4

- d. Combined workshop, a multi-purpose workshop, a new insequipped with mostly Gelman machines (lathes, pressing machine muching machines and rapid planing machines). The workshop walso called hireraft assembly. Froduction started in april by
- e. Lachine shop, or shop no. 9, with the following sections:
- (1) Lardening shop with hardening furnaces for duraluminum. Luraluminum was electrically heated and made soft in dectric tubs, each 4 x 4 meters. The thus treated duraluminum got its final degree of hardness one to two hours after the bath. Toni schaefer, German engineer and P., erected a large German pressing machine in the hardening shop. The machine was nowered by 15 electric motors and was operated from a special switchboard.
- (2) bection with draw benches, 6 pressing machines and 12 punching machines. There vessels, allegedly fishing vessels, were built. The vessels were all-metal, about 10 x 45 meters and equipped with an 8-cylinder ZIS-engine. The sheet metal used had a gauge of five millimeter. After assembly the vessels were shipped by rail. The data on the motor was learned from a Soviet, Machalnik, source's superior. He also learned that six vessels were the monthly maximum output.
- f. Machine shop with annealing shop and lathe shop. The annealing shop was equipped with eight electrical annealing furnaces and the lathe shop with 50 lathes, mostly large universal lathes, and 8 to 10 american automatic machines. .ork force, including PWs 100 per shift.

  Screws for vessels were produced in the lathe shop.
- C. Castin shop for propellers.

The second section housed a fitting shop and a storage room. Unly Loviets, producing electric aircraft instrument panels, worked in the hall. The panels were packed in boxes and shipped.

- h. lattern making shop 1, newly equipped with German work benches, wood-working lathes and band saws.
- i. Pattern making shop 2.
- k. Fitting shop 1. Lachine tools were repaired. It was equipped with eight lathes, four milling machines, three rapid planing machines, several hack saws, and grindstones.
- 1. Fitting shop 2 with a welding shop, fitting shop, a forge and a hardening shop. New electric motors of various sizes were stored in the basement. Only Soviets worked in this workshop. The forge was equipped with three 10-ton air harmers four electric furnaces and six forge fires.
- m. Laboratory. Only loviet engineers worked there. It was off linits to all I is but source was there once and saw the following machinery:

  ... large and a small machine for tensile-strength tests, a small lathe, a metal printing machine and a hardeness test installation.
- n. Inergency power station with two Diesel generators of unknown capacity. Fower was normally supplied by the Stalin Plant.
- o. Electro-plating shop, not yet in orderation, equipped with four tubs, each 50 meters long and about 4 meters wide.

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COLUMN TELEFORM COLUMN COLUMN

# annex - H

- p. Large boilerhouse, a new installation with a 50-meter smokestack. It was first "neft"-fueled, then converted to bitumenous coal.
- . Lwo new constructions.
- 5. Three buildings were in the fenced-off plant section to. 49 which was between the main plant and the Sea of Azov. Mass-productions of a new aircraft type was under preparation there.
- 6. Production:
  - a. Aircraft fuselages, 5 meters long, about 15 meters in diameter, without cabin, with two places in the nose. Leekly output:
     4 units (the loading observed by source at the loading rang).
  - b. Elevator and rudder units of various shapes and sizes and propellers which were shipped separately.
  - c. Jix vessels per month
  - d. Repair work on twin-engine planes which landed on the factory airfield.
- 7. Jupplies:

coal from Stalino; metals and non-ferrous metals arrived by rail from an unidentified location. Eachines and spare parts mostly came from the coviet Zone of Germany.

8. Jecurity:

25X1A

The clant was protected by a board fence on the north and east but was open toward the factory airfield and the wea of Azov. It was guarded by about 200 soldiers wearing blue-lordered red epaulets and armed with carbines and submachine guns.

# Comment:

The report confirms previous information that little aircraft production was going on in the Taganrog Dimitrov Plant. The available information which covers the time up to early 1949 indicates that the plant was to only a minor degree, utilized for the aircraft industry. It is assumed from the modern equipment (machine tools and refining baths) that new-type aircraft are to be constructed there. This assumption is corroborated by information on the design office of this plant contained in two previous reports\* and the statement in para 5 that mass-production of a new aircraft type was being prepared.

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SOURCE

# 1. Location

Both plants are north of the town between the mea of 120v and the Taganrog - Rustov highroad. (Taganrog: 38 55° E/57 13°N) Rostov Oblast).

# 2. Plant Layout

#### a. Andreev Hetallurgical Plant:

The plant area is about 720x720 meters and surrounded by a brick wall. According to Soviets, the plant was not demolished during the war. It was named after a Belgian industrialist according to whose plans the installations were allegedly constructed in 1936 and 1937. The buildings are brick or steel structures filled with brickwork. A widely ramified railroad spur track system is available. Electricity is supplied from outside and transformed in the plant. For plant sketch see sketch 1.

#### b. Mennesmann tube factorys

The plant is 800 meters farther to the north. It was constructed at the same time and was not demolished during the war. The plant consists plant of only large workshop. A railroad spur track leads from the Andreev plant as far as the tube factory.

For shop sketch see sketch 2.

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annex-f

# 3. Work Force

- a. Indreev Plant: Three shifts of 20,000 workers (according to a joviet engineer).
- b. Tube factory: Three shifts of 1,000 to 1,200 workers.

# 4. Production

- a. Andreev plant: Tires for locomotives and railroad car wheels, ingots for the Mannesmann tube factory, plates.
- b. Tube factory: Seamless tubes.

#### 25X1A

# comment:

- a. The location of the Andreev plant was known before (see German aerial photograph attached to a previous report.\*)
- b. The location of the main departments of the plant, as similarly indicated by a previous source, is confirmed by the schematic sketch attached to this mport. So far unknown data on the plant buildings as to their dimensions and types of construction are also furnished by source.
- c. The "tube factory" located farther to the north had not been known before.
- l Annex: Andreev Petallurgical Plant and Pannesmann Tube Plant, Taganrog.

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# Legend of innex

# Sketch No 1

- 1. Horse stable, 72x13.5 meters, for 60 to 80 horses
- 2 Mechanical department, brick building, 72x36x13.5 meters. Sixty percent of the metal-working machines was installed between 1936 and 1938. These mechines are of German origin.
- 3 gcrap iron warehouse containing old tank wrecks, fragements of bridge and workshop structures and other scrap iron of old war material.
- 4 Imin administration, 72x36 meters
- 5 Ingine barn for 10 standard-gauge locomotives, also serving the Mannesmann tube factory.
- 6 Corkshop, 135x90 meters, steel structure, with
  - a Tire shop for locomotive and railroad car tires
  - b. Rolling mill. Plates were produced in this shop. The length of the tire shop exceeded that of this shop by 18 meters.
- 7 golding shop, 112.5x36 meters
- 8 ater plant, 36x9 meters, with filtering installations for water purification and pipe lines to the Sea of Azov.
- 9 Furnace building No 1, 90x45 meters, with two openhearth furnaces Production of ingots for the tire shop and the rolling mill.
- Furnace building No 2, 90x45 meters, with four openhearth furnaces. Production of steel ingots for the monnesmann tube factory. The shop is connected with the monnesmann tube factory by a railroad spur track.
- 11 Transformer station, 36x18 meters, with long-distance wires coming from Taganrog.
- Boiler house, 45x36 meters, with four coke-fueled boilers and three or four compressors for generation of compressed air.
- 13 Plate and ingot warehouse, 90x27 meters
- 14 Calvanizing shop, 18x7.5 meters, with zinc bath and three pairs of plate shears
- 15 Forge, 72x54 meters, with one large-size oil-heated harmer furnace, 7.5x5.4 meters, six minor forge fires and two electric harmers.
- 16 "Trubus" tube shop, 135x90 meters. Nanufacture of tubes up to a thickness of 12.5 cm from tin bands supplied from outside.

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annex-I

# Sketch No 2

Workshop, 720x180 meters, with

- 1 dailroad spur track
- 28 Annealing furnace
- 3 Press
- 4 Hardening furnace
- 5 Threading machine
- 6 Inspection
- 7 minor annealing furnace.

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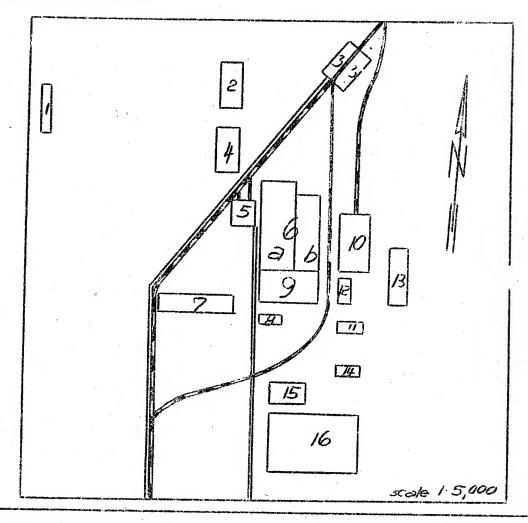
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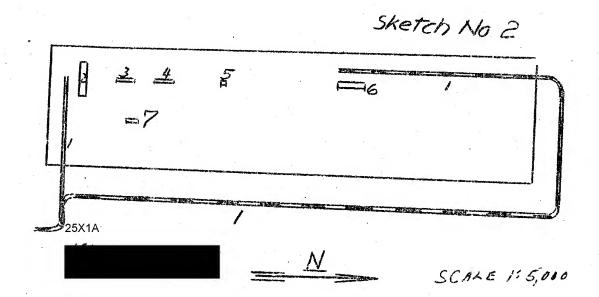
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Andreev ketallurgical Plant and kannesmann

Tube Plant, Taganrog

Sketch No. 1





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Contraction Commission (Contraction of the Contraction of the Contract	25X1X The first of the control of th	-
SOURCE		
1	. Location:	
	The Parchomenko Lining Lachinery Factory is in the contain of the old town sector of Karegands (73006 E/49052 N), Kazakh USR.	
5	. Flant installations:	
9	as The products of the plant carried the trade-mark "K31" an abbreviation which stands for Karaganda Tavod Ferchomen of the trade mark (k 5 ft) was affixed to all machines in the plant.	
	to The plant was originally in Leringrad. With the advance of the German troops it was shifted to its present location. Source learned about this move from workers who witnessed the transfer. Some of the plant buildings were encoted befor the war. The plant was continuously being expanded during the time of observation. A railroad connection is available.	
	e. Hany failures occurred in the power supply.	
	d. The glant and approach roads are asphalted and in 5000 condition. They were newly tarred in the Summer of 1949.	
	Por plant layout see Annex.	
78	Sa Cerk force:	
	Two thousand workers, including 200 to 250 German FWs, worthing three shifts.	

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CONTIDUCTIVE/CONTROL/SE OFFICIALS OF IN

# 4. Eroduction:

- s. According to Soviet statements the plant producti mining machinery during the war.
- b. Production at the time of observation: Shart expense conveyer belts, coal dust blowers, also known as Confines and shaft supports.

### 25X1A

# Comment:

menko Lining mechinery Factory. In November 1941 the plant was moved from Voroshilovgrad, Ukrainian SSR and not, as stated by source, from Leningrad to Karagania. At that time the plant was housed in the repair shops of the Coal Combine. The repair shops of the coal combine are shown under item 3 on the town plan skitch which was co-piled according to information furnished by returning FUS.

The location indicated by source presumably corresponds to the town plan. There is no difference between file sketch of source (one plant department of Chaft I wast of the plant) and the town plan (entrance of Chaft I south of the plant). It is possible that that insually tions of Shaft I surround the entire plant.

- b. Another source reported that new factory instables tions being constructed for this plant in the rew nuctor of Karagande. These installations should soon be completed. The machinery is to be moved to the new local tion in 1950.
- c. The statement concerning the wartime production of the plant does not correspond with the information on record. In 1942 the plant, employing 1,000 weakers, produced bombs and shells; the production of mechine guns and submachine guns was also reported but not constituted.
- 2 Annexes: 1. "Farchomenko" Lining Hachine Hanufac Buring Flant in Karaganda.
   2. Karaganda.

# Legend to Annex 1:

- A Farchomenko Mining Equipment Plants
  - 1 Stables
  - 2. Garage, old
  - 3. Garage, new solid structure, space for 12 trucks and two cranes.
  - 4. Tooden structure, old, housing:
    - a. Resshall for Fis
    - be Kitchen
      - c. Storage for tin and wire

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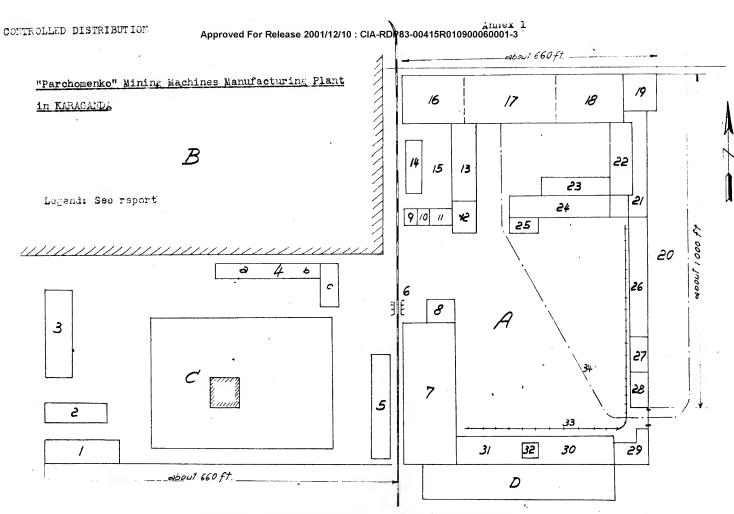
- 5. Tool and supply storage
- 6. Double track for movable crane, capacity 8 tons.
- 7. Foundry, cast iron, 73 x 27 meters, four electrically operated furnaces
- 8. Foundry, non-ferrous metals, gas fueled furnace
- 9. Electric department
- 10. Ambulance
- 11. Buth
- 12. Tipe outting section
- 13. Chemical laboratory
- 14. Ctables
- 15. Surply dump
- 16. lattern cutting section
- 17. Steel construction department, designated "C.K", two movable cranes, each 20 tons capacity. The fremes for machines are manufactured here.
- 18. Assembly shops; all mechines produced at the plant are assembled here.
- (16 through 18 are in one brick building with steel structure-roof and skylights)
- 19. Office building, four stories high, modern, construction office.
- 2%. Mechanical department, 680 x 9 meters, production of small parts.
- 20. Storage area for machines, 270 meters long.
- 22. Production of sheft supports
- 23. Testing of shaft supports
- 24. Storage for semi-finished product
- 25. Froduction of electrodes, no details available
- 26. Lechanical department, 370 x 9 meters, large metal processing mechines. Production of large cast iron parts and gears.
- 27. Large and small forge
- 28. Lardening shop, 18 x 9 meters, six electric mardening furnaces.
- 29. Administration building, three-story brick structure, 18 x 10 meters.

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- 30. Machine tool department and grinding shop
- 31. Flant repair department
- 32. Office of the repair department, three-story building
- (30 through 32 are in one building, 90 x  $13\frac{1}{2}$  meters)
- 33. Narrow gauge track, leading from the foundry to the mechanical department.
- 34. Shirring lane
- B Area of a glant department of the coal pit 1
- C house, with yard, Quarters of the plant director
- D "Lakarov" Lachine Factory,

annexed to the plant repair department: 100 x 18 reters. Torks independently and produces combined cold-cutting machines.



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